

**THE SEFTON METROPOLITAN BOROUGH COUNCIL
(MARITIME CORRIDOR) COMPULSORY PURCHASE ORDER 2025**

THE HIGHWAYS ACT 1980

and

THE ACQUISITION OF LAND ACT 1981

1. Notice is hereby given that the Secretary of State for Transport, in exercise of their powers under the above Acts, on the 20th of July 2026 confirmed the order submitted on behalf of Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council.
2. The Order as confirmed provides for the purchase for the purposes of:
 - 2.1 Constructing a new segregated footway and cycleway along Bridle Road between Netherton Way and Vesty Road;
 - 2.2 Constructing a new segregated footway and cycleway between Vesty Road and Deltic Way;
 - 2.3 Constructing a new segregated footway and cycleway along Sentinel Way and Heysham Road between Park Lane and A59 Ormskirk Roadof the land and described in Schedule 1 hereto.
3. A copy of the order as confirmed and of the map referred to therein have been deposited at Bottle Library, 220 Stanley Road, Bootle, Merseyside, L20 3EN and may be seen between 10am — 5pm, Monday to Friday and 10am — 1pm on Saturday. A copy of the order which gives details on the extent, description and situation of the land included in the order and of the map may be viewed online at <https://www.sefton.gov.uk/parking-roads-travel/major-highway-projects-in-sefton/maritime-corridor/compulsory-purchase-orders-mc/>
4. The order as confirmed becomes operative on the date on which this notice of the of the confirmation of the order is first published in a newspaper. A person aggrieved by the order may, by application to the High Court within 6 weeks from that date, challenge its validity under section 23 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981. The grounds for challenge can be that the authorisation granted by the order is not empowered to be granted or that there has been a failure to comply with any relevant statutory requirement relating to the order.
5. Once the order has become operative, Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council may acquire any of the land described in Schedule 1 below by executing a general vesting declaration under section 4 of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981. A statement on the effect of Parts 2 and 3 of that Act is set out in Schedule 2 to below.
6. Every person who, if a general vesting declaration were executed under section 4 of the Act in respect of the land comprised in the order (other than land in respect of which notice to treat has been given), would be entitled to claim compensation in respect of any such land, is invited to give information to Andrew Dunsmore, Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council, Magdalen House, 30 Trinity Road, Bootle, L20 3NJ or to

andrew.dunsmore@sefton.gov.uk about the person's name, address and interest in land, using a prescribed form. The relevant prescribed form is set out in Schedule 3 below.

7. Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council has a period of three years beginning with the date the order becomes operative to serve a notice to treat or execute a general vesting declaration. The order will become operative on the date on which this notice is first published or, if the order is subject to special parliamentary procedure, the date on which the order becomes operative under the Statutory Orders (Special Procedure) Act 1945.

SCHEDULE 1

LAND COMPRISED IN THE ORDER AS CONFIRMED

- Grassland and shrubbery, south of Heysham Road and east of The Boxworks
- Shrubbed area (Unit 1-2, 49 Ormskirk Road, Liverpool, L9 5AF)
- Shrubbed area; south of Heysham Road and west of Ormskirk Road
- Grassland, trees and shrubbery, south of Heysham Road and east of Longbridge Drive
- Grassland, trees, shrubbery and cycleway; south of Heysham Road and east of Longbridge Drive
- Grassland and shrubbery; north of Park Lane and west of Sentinel Way
- Private accessway; south of Deltic Way and west of Sefton Business Park
- Sports ground (Bootle Football Club, 4 Vesty Road, Bootle, L30 1NY)
- Grassland; east of Vesty Road and west of Deltic Way
- Public highway verge (Vesty Road)
- Grassed area, trees and shrubbery; north of Vesty Road and east of Bridle Road
- Grassland; south of Bridle Way and east of Bridle Road
- Commercial premises (Senate Business Park, Senate Way, Bootle, L30 4TY)

SCHEDULE 2

FORM OF STATEMENT OF EFFECT OF PARTS 2 AND 3 OF THE COMPULSORY PURCHASE (VESTING DECLARATIONS) ACT 1981

Power to execute a general vesting declaration

1. Once the order has become operative, Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council (hereinafter called the "Council") may acquire any of the land described in Schedule 1 above the Confirmation Order by executing a general vesting declaration under section 4 of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981 ("the Act"). This has the effect, subject to paragraphs 3 and 5 below, of vesting the land in the Council at the end of the period mentioned in paragraph 2 below.

Notices concerning general vesting declaration

2. As soon as may be after the Council execute a general vesting declaration, they must serve notice of it on every occupier of any of the land specified in the declaration (except land where there is one of the tenancies described in paragraph 4) and on every person who gives them information relating to the land in pursuance of the invitation contained in the confirmation notice of the order. When the service of notices of the general vesting declaration is completed, a period specified in the declaration, of not less than three months (unless the expedited procedure is used under sections 4A and 4B of the Act), will begin to run. The Council may use the expedited procedure where (1) the land is unoccupied and by reason of disrepair, neglect, contamination,

or risk to health or safety, the Council considers the land is unfit for its ordinary use or (2) the Council has been unable to identify any person with an interest in the land. Where the expedited procedure is available, a period of not less than six weeks will begin to run. On the first day after the end of the relevant period the land described in the declaration will, subject to what is said in paragraph 3 and 5, vest in the Council together with the right to enter on the land and take possession of it. Every person on whom the Council could have served a notice to treat in respect of his interest in the land (other than a tenant under one of the tenancies described in paragraph 4) will be entitled to claim compensation for the acquisition of his interest in the land, with interest on the compensation from the vesting date.

3. The “vesting date” for any land specified in a declaration will be the first day after the end of the relevant period mentioned in paragraph 2 above, unless
 1. a counter-notice is served under Schedule A1 to the Act within that period. In such circumstances, the vesting date for the land which is the subject of the counter-notice will be determined in accordance with Schedule A1, or
 2. the Council enters into an agreement with the owner of any interest in the land to vary that vesting date

Modifications with respect to certain tenancies

4. In the case of certain tenancies, the position stated above is subject to modifications. The modifications apply where the tenancy is either a “minor tenancy”, i.e. a tenancy for a year or a yearly tenancy or a lesser interest, or “a long tenancy which is about to expire”. The latter expression means a tenancy granted for an interest greater than a minor tenancy but having on the vesting date a period still to run which is not more than the period specified in the declaration for this purpose (which must be more than a year). In calculating how long a tenancy has still to run, where any option to renew or to terminate it is available to either party, it shall be assumed that the landlord will take every opportunity open to them to terminate the tenancy while the tenant will use every opportunity to retain or renew his interest.
5. The modifications are that the Council may not exercise the right of entry referred to in paragraph 2 in respect of land subject to a tenancy described in paragraph 4 unless they first serve notice to treat in respect of the tenancy and then serve every occupier of the land with a notice of their intention to enter and take possession after the period (not less than three months from the service of the notice) specified in the notice. The right of entry will be exercisable at the end of that period. The vesting of the land will be subject to the tenancy until the end of that period or until the tenancy comes to an end, whichever happens first.

SCHEDULE 3

FORM FOR GIVING INFORMATION

Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council (Maritime Corridor) Compulsory Purchase Order 2025

To: The Council

[I] [We] being [a person] [persons] who, if a general vesting declaration were executed under section 4 of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981 in respect of all the land comprised in the compulsory purchase order cited above in respect of which notice to treat has not been given, would be entitled to claim compensation in respect of [all] [part of] that land, give you the following information, pursuant to the provisions of section 15 of, or paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 to, the Acquisition of Land Act 1981.

1. Name and address of informant(s) (i)
2. Land in which an interest is held by informant(s) (ii)
3. Nature of interest (iii)/

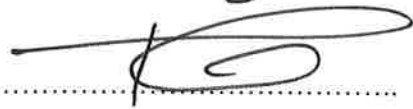
Signed.....

[on behalf of].....

Date

- (i) In the case of a joint interest insert the names and addresses of all the informants.
- (ii) The land should be described concisely.
- (iii) If the interest is leasehold, the date of commencement and length of term should be given. If the land is subject to a mortgage or other incumbrance, details should be given, e.g. name of building society and roll number.

Date: 4th August 2026



Authorised Signatory

Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council